

FOUR LIVES LOST IN FIRES

Fatalities in Two Conflagrations
in Boston Yesterday

THE JANITOR SAVED OTHERS

But Lost His Own Life in Federal Street
Fire—Overcome by Smoke He Fell
in Elevator Well and Was
Drowned.

Boston, Jan. 10.—One life was lost and \$10,000 damage done, as a result of a fire that raged for three hours yesterday afternoon in the six-story building occupied by the Globe-Wernicke company.

Stanley Reynolds, the janitor, was found drowned in water poured by the firemen into an elevator well. Reynolds had carried many girls and men to the street in the elevator on his trip. He was overcome by smoke and fell into the well. Eight men and five girls escaped down ladders.

The firms that suffered were the Globe-Wernicke company, office furniture, L. J. Mutt & company, automobile supplies, both in the building 91 to 107 Federal street and on the other side of the block, H. K. Barnes company, fire department supplies and Carter, Rice company, paper stock at 234 and 246 Devonshire street.

THREE SUFFOCATED.

Man, Woman and Child Lose Their Lives
in Fire at Boston.

Boston, Jan. 10.—Three persons, a man, a woman and a child were suffocated in a fire on Willard street last night.

They lived on the top floor of a four-story tenement which was partly burned.

SIX LABORERS KILLED.

Dynamite Explodes in Parrish Colliery
Near Wilkes-Barre.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Jan. 10.—Six laborers were killed and two others fatally injured by an explosion of dynamite last night in the Parrish colliery at Plymouth. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

ENGLAND FACES STRIKE OF ALL COAL MINERS

Vote Now Going on Expected to Result
in Men Quitting Work; Ad-
miralty Alarmed.

London, Jan. 10.—Strike ballots were distributed among the coal miners Monday night with the expectation that the result of the vote which is to be announced on Jan. 18, will show a determination on the part of the men to quit work. This feeling is clouding trade and is causing general depression.

It is reported that the admiralty office is so sure that a colliery strike will materialize that it has chartered a number of steamships with a view to replenishing the coal supply of the British naval stations all over the world before the strike can take place on March 1. This is the earliest date for which it can be fixed.

The admiralty, it is understood further, will not only take at once the full quantity of coal to which the government is entitled under its contracts for 1912, but will add more to which it holds claim under an emergency lien.

Meanwhile, whatever prospect for a compromise between the employers and miners has hitherto existed has vanished for all practical purposes.

Strikes have occurred at Leicester, in the hosiery trade, at Bradford, in the wool trade, and at Carlisle, in the ship building trade, and other strikes and lockouts are feared.

BRITISH LABOR HEATED.

No Settlement Reached in Lancashire—
Lockout in Wool Trade Expected.

London, Jan. 10.—The English labor troubles had a threatening aspect Monday night. A fresh hitch has occurred at Manchester in the efforts to reach a settlement between the cotton mill owners and the operatives, who were locked out some days ago in many of the Lancashire mills. Instead of the expected compromise, it is reported that affairs have reached a deadlock. Only Sir George Asquith's persuasion induced the masters to adjourn the conference again Monday. In the meantime a small strike of 1,300 wool combers at Bradford is expected to develop into a lockout of 12,000 combers, and fears are increasing that it will be impossible to avert a miners' strike. Agents of the admiralty are busy in Wales buying up large reserve supplies of coal, in preparation for emergencies.

Colds Vanish

The Sensible Overnight Remedy for Sen-
sible People.

After you have upset your stomach with pills, powders, and vile nostrums and still retain possession of that terrible cold, do what thousands of sensible people are doing. Do this:

Into a bowl three-quarters full of boiling water pour a scant teaspoonful of HYOMEI (pronounce it High-o-mei), cover head and bowl with a towel and breathe for five minutes the soothing, healing vapor that arises.

Then go to bed and awake with a clear head in the morning. HYOMEI does not contain opium, cocaine or any harmful drug. A bottle of HYOMEI Inhalant costs 50 cents at the Red Cross Pharmacy and drug stores everywhere. Guaranteed for catarrh, asthma, croup and nasal deafness.

Biliousness Is Cured by HOOD'S PILLS

SPENT \$33,088 ON STREETS.

(Continued from first page.)

that N. J. Roberts' bid was \$1.19 per page, 75 books in cloth bindings at 25 cents each and tabular pages to count as two, while E. W. Cummings' bid was \$1.11 a page, 75 books in cloth binding at 23 cents, tabular pages to count as two. On motion of Alderman Willey, the bids were referred to the printing committee to make the selection and draw up a contract, the committee having that power.

The low bid of \$1.11 is considerably less than it cost the city last year, when the contract price was \$1.15 per page.

Miscellaneous Business.

Besides these matters relating to the annual reports, the aldermen transacted considerable other business. The usual weekly warrants were ordered paid, as follows: Street department, \$83.23; water, \$39.98; fire, \$77.32; police, \$69.05; also \$107.25 to nineteen physicians for returning birth and death certificates, and a treasurer's warrant for \$54.25 for making statistical returns to the state.

In connection with the police department payroll, the motion was carried that Patrolman Gamble be paid for full time, although he was off duty three days on account of rheumatism.

The license committee reported in favor of a lunch room license to Monsor Deeb on North Seminary street, and the license was granted. T. Gabelloni asked for a lunch room license at a cart opened Depot Square, and that license was granted also.

Permission was given W. C. Quinlan & Co. to hang a sign which will project four inches over the street line on North Main street, the report of the street committee being favorable. A permit was granted the Aldrich trustees to erect a marquee over the corner of the new Aldrich building, as Mr. Phelps had reported that by different figuring it had been arranged that the marquee would not extend over the street. The street committee and city engineer reported a list of numbers for Johnson street, and the report was placed on record.

Ready to Doed but Not to Pay Assessment.

Mrs. Calista Bolster reported, through Clerk McKay, that she was willing to deed the city the western end of West street, so called, but that she was unwilling to pay the assessment for granite pavement opposite that thoroughfare. The western end of West street from Main street to the railroad track has never been accepted by the city and is private property, so far as known. Hence, the assessment to Mrs. Bolster as an abutter on the new strip of pavement. Her communication was laid on the table till January 30.

Overseer of the Poor Shepard reported that on December 1 he had a balance of \$16.32 on hand, had received \$750 during the month, had expended \$765.87, leaving a balance of 45 cents. The report was accepted and placed on file. The adoption of a resolution relating to departmental appropriations, which was ordered to a second reading on January 2, was the final business of a busy session of the board.

MAKERS ARE NOT TO RAISE PRICE OF SHOES

National Association Declares Competi-
tion Too Fierce to Do
So.

New York, Jan. 10.—Officials of the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' association, meeting in their annual convention here yesterday, declared no discussion of proposals for raising the price of shoes would be entertained at the present session. Three hundred representatives of the big shoe manufacturing firms are in New York for the gathering, which has for its object "the discussion of ways and means for correcting the abuses in the trade."

According to a statement by officials of the association, the idea of a shoe trust is "preposterous." The statement explains:

"Shoe manufacturers would not raise prices if they could, and they could not if they would. Competition is too fierce in the shoe business to attempt to control prices. One organization never has raised the price of a shoe, and it never will. It is a fact that no matter how materials have risen in price a corresponding increase has never been obtained in the selling price of shoes. The shoe manufacturers have always gotten relief by the exercise of various economies."

MOVE TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE.

Packers' Lawyer Asserts Pratt's Testi-
mony Is Unproven.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Jerome H. Pratt, veteran employee of Armour & Co., began his third day on the witness stand yesterday, when the trial of the ten Chicago packers charged with operating an illegal combination in restraint of trade was resumed yesterday morning.

At the opening of court, Levy Mayer, representing the Swift group of defendants, moved to have excluded from the record all the letters and papers produced by Pratt and all the latter's testimony on the documents on the ground there had been no proof. Pratt acted under direction of the defendants in the transactions described.

Mayer read from the indictment to show the defendants are charged with "knowingly" operating a combination in restraint of trade.

"It is an axiom in criminal law that a defendant cannot be found guilty of an offense committed by another unless the defendant directly and consciously participates in the crime," said Mr. Mayer, who cited a number of United States supreme court decisions.

Some Folks Are Slow

to appreciate the fact of the saving and investment element which is an essential and necessary part of an endowment insurance contract. Compound interest doesn't wait for a decision, you lose all the time used in delay. National Life Ins. Co. of Vt. (Mutual), S. S. Ballard, general agent, Lawrence building, Montpelier, Vt.

GOV. WILSON'S BOOM GROWING

Strengthened by Meeting in
Washington

GOOD POLITICS SELECTION

The People at Home Favor the Gov-
ernor—Bryan's Compliments
for Him Attract
Attention.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Woodrow Wilson's presidential boom is about four times the size it was when the governor brought it into town Monday morning. This is the one important inference from the meetings here of the Democratic national committee and the Jackson day banquets. All Washington is talking over the peculiar compliments lavished on Governor Wilson by William Jennings Bryan at the Jackson day banquet and the intimate friends of the Nebraska who mingled in the crowd where the national committee was meeting plastered up the crevices of the Bryan position by declaring that Mr. Bryan knew what he was about in his treatment of Governor Wilson. Bryan's prestige was little if at all injured by his defeat in the committee Monday, when the committee by an almost 2 to 1 vote seated Colonel James M. Guffey over Bryan's protest. The committee had law and technicality on its side and Bryan had good politics. The incident was interesting, however, in illustrating again that Bryan is relying rather on the people than on the machine. This also is the basis of the Wilson candidacy, for while the members of the national committee have leaned backwards in their refusal to commit themselves as to the presidency, their testimony has been almost unanimous that Wilson is the favorite candidate of the people at home. A canvass of the committee indicates strongly also that good politics will dictate the nomination of Wilson if Taft is the Republican candidate and of Judson Harmon if Roosevelt wins. As a prominent member of the committee put it yesterday morning, "There is not room in this country for two radical or two conservative parties."

A story has been set afloat that Bryan will oppose Wilson ultimately on the ground that he solicited a pension from the Carnegie trust fund for educators. Wilson's friends picked up their ears when they heard it and promptly allowed that they expected no opposition on that score, particularly from a gentleman who fought stoutly for his legal rights when a Connecticut admirer died and left him a large sum of money with which to preach the gospel of reform.

NEW HAVEN DEAL OPPOSED.

Rutland Railroad Minority Stockholders
Will Protest Against Transfer.

New York, Jan. 10.—Fair sailing will not be encountered by the deal to transfer the control of the Rutland railroad from the New York Central to the New York, New Haven & Hartford.

The public service commission yesterday heard at Albany the protest of minority stockholders against the project. Mr. Delevan's circular to stockholders upon the subject was as follows: "It appears that the price at which the controlling stock of your company is being turned over to the New Haven is about \$106 a share, although Rutland railroad stock sells in the market at \$40 a share. It is the purpose of counsel for the committee to oppose before the public service commission the granting of authority to make the transfer to the New Haven, except upon condition that the minority stockholders be accorded fair treatment. A vast number of instances of unfair division of joint rates have been testified to. It is obvious that with fair treatment Rutland railroad could pay substantial dividends to its preferred stock."

The committee demands that before disposing of the road New York Central should make an accounting to Rutland shareholders, who claim 19 1/2 per cent. of accumulated dividends.

PAYS \$5,750 FOR RARE HOE LIBRARY BOOK

A London Connoisseur Purchaser of A
Kempis' "Imitation of
Christ."

New York, Jan. 10.—Bibliophiles and dealers from all the world started Monday to bid on the second part of the great library of the late Robert Hoe, and when the gavel of the auctioneer fell at 11 o'clock that night they had assimilated \$64,591 worth of it. The afternoon session yielded \$9,469; the evening session \$55,122.

Bernard Quaritch of London secured the lion's share. To him went the choicest of the bindings, and mostly as they were, it was thought by the experts he had not paid extravagant sums. Mr. Quaritch gave the highest price of the sales, \$5,750, for Thomas a Kempis' "Imitation of Christ," bound in rare Chinese mosaic by Monnier and bearing the signature of that prince of his craft six times.

This is believed to be the highest ever paid for a binding on its artistic merits alone.

It became known Monday evening that most of the books Mr. Quaritch bought would not leave the country, as many Americans are among his clients. Among those for whom he has acted at the great library sales, such as that of the Hoe collection and the first part of the Huth collection, is J. Pierpont Morgan.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

"ORGANIZED THIEVES" STRIPPED WORKINGMAN

(Continued from first page.)

meaning. He mentioned the act which abolished free transfers and told how it affected the workingmen of New York City as it affected no one else. Extra fares are now collected at each junction and laboring men, shop girls and women obliged to go from work to their homes on the upper or lower east side are compelled to pay this extra fare two, three or four times daily. As one eye witness of some of the pathetic incidents which have happened as a result of this unfair method, Mr. Russell said that for the first and last time in his life he had been an anarchist.

He understood then what kind of a sensation impelled such men as the McNamara brothers to acts of violence and in his case, perhaps, it was only the restraining hand of a more comprehensive education which prevented him from also committing an act of violence. The speaker seemed in a sense to account for the act of the McNamaras by the fact that a great and overwhelming sense of injustice had so worked on minds not educated to understand the folly of violence that such violence seemed to them not only justifiable but feasible at times.

"I have known the lessons of history," said the speaker, "and it tells me that violence never pays. It reacts upon itself." The secret of the workingman's freedom lies in solidarity. The working class can put an end to it all because it holds within its grasp the greatest weapon to be had—the ballot. The speaker hastened to repeat that nothing materially violent or possessing the semblance of violence could bring about emancipation.

Throughout the lecture, Mr. Russell furnished many practical illustrations to emphasize his arguments. He pictured the wretched conditions prevalent to-day in the vast coal fields of Pennsylvania and said that the present status of the workingmen and young children in that vicinity is an indictment of capitalism. He called attention to the recent peace banquet held in New York City and derided the attitude taken by such men as Andrew Carnegie and Theodore Roosevelt, characterizing the latter as the "wild man of Oyater Bay." He asserted that the wanton murder of men and women for profit is just as bad as the destruction of human life on the battlefield. A peace society cannot abolish war on a dinner of canvas back duck and two banquets a year, he said.

Mr. Russell attacked the interstate commerce commission and said that in its twenty-six years of existence, twenty-five have been spent in sleep. He accused its members of laxness and said that their ostensible position as servants of the people was only a subterfuge. The speaker professed to tell things as he had observed them during years of experience and he asserted that all the operations of organized thieves, "second-story" men, and the acts of grand and petit larceny perpetrated on the working classes were not to be compared to the greater evil arising from a condition that makes men toil to create wealth which they are not allowed to enjoy. Those who create nothing simply derive the benefits of those who toil. Who can justify a condition which compels men to suffer privations in a world of abundance and over plenty?

It has been said that Socialism destroys homes. Our business is to create homes, homes that are worthy of the name, said the speaker. We are determined to have the best and we shall stop at nothing short of that object. He denied the charge that the Socialist propaganda favors free love and proceeded to show why he took this standpoint. In closing, Mr. Russell described the movement as the greatest in the history of the world. Any political faith which has for its end and aim the abolishment of war, poverty, child labor, prostitution, the slums and all the evils of the present system in every ramification manifested, cannot fail to assert itself. With the advent of Socialism, he said, there will be light instead of darkness, love instead of hate and education and uplift will be the universal inheritance.

IN WAR ON GAMBLING.

Police Make 200 Arrests in New York's
Chinatown.

New York, Jan. 10.—The invasion of Chinatown by an army of 125 policemen last night in a war against gambling resulted in the arrest of over 200 Chinamen and the destruction of more than a score of dingy gambling dens.

It was the most spectacular raid in Chinatown since the Elsie Sigel murder case.

THAW FREE IN 30 DAYS, PERHAPS

This Report That Comes from Mat-
teawan.

New York, Jan. 10.—According to a special dispatch from Matteawan to The Herald, friends in the confidence of Harry K. Thaw say that habeas corpus proceedings will be begun within the next few days to obtain the release of the man who killed Stanford White.

The friends are quoted as saying that Thaw's release will be obtained within thirty days.

CASCARETS FOR A SICK, SOUR STOMACH

Gently but Thoroughly Cleanse and Reg-
ulate Your Stomach, Liver and
Bowels While You Sleep.

That awful sourness, belching of acid and foul gases, that pain in the pit of the stomach, the heartburn, nervousness, nausea, bloating after eating, feeling of fullness, dizziness and sick headache, means indigestion; a disordered stomach, which cannot be regulated until you remove the cause. It isn't your stomach's fault. Your stomach is as good as any.

Try Cascarets; they cure indigestion, because they immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the decomposed waste matter and poison from the intestines and bowels. Then your stomach trouble is ended forever. A Cascaret to-night will straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box from any drug store will keep your entire family feeling good for months. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.

ALMOST A TRAGEDY

By GEORGE C. BATEMAN

One Saturday afternoon, not having anything better to do, I went to a vaudeville show in which trained birds, trained animals and trained human beings performed tricks. There was a young married couple among the performers who excited more interest than any of the others. They were both experts with the rifle. The husband would first shoot a bullet into an apple resting on his wife's head; then the wife would do the same with reference to her husband. The room was not darkened, for the day was clear, and the sun shone in through the west windows. The husband first played William Tell, his wife playing Albert; then the wife played Tell to her husband's Albert.

I had but recently come in from the far west and had been obliged again and again to do all kinds of shooting. In a place where a man's life is constantly dependent upon the sureness of his aim he becomes very expert, but there is no one who more fully realizes the danger of trying to shoot near some one without hitting him. These are the reasons why my heart stood still every time one of this couple fired at the apple on the other's head. Had they been enemies, each trying to get in the first shot, it wouldn't have troubled me a bit.

They began their performance by the husband shooting at the apple on the wife's head. Wild west man that I was, my heart stood still till it was over. Then the husband took position to be shot at, and his wife did the shooting. I was watching them from a rear seat. Indeed, I sat several rows back of any one else. I had come from a country where persons were fond of elbow room, and I didn't like sitting in the crowd. The wife was taking aim at the apple and I was feeling all wrought up over it when suddenly I saw a little spot of sunlight flash on her face. At the same moment she pulled the trigger. Giving a shriek, she fell on the floor. Her husband ran up to her and took her in his arms.

Now, the cause of this show that was not down on the bills flashed upon me at once. Some one had thrown a ray of sunlight from glass or polished metal in the wife's eye just as she was about to fire. Turning my glance aside, I saw a man putting something in his vest pocket. The sunlight pouring through a window shone on him. There was a curious look on his face of dread, revenge, disappointment, all mingled in one. I knew I had struck an unwritten story—a story that had barely escaped being a tragedy.

I sat perfectly still, keeping one eye on what was going on on the stage, the other on my man by the window. As soon as his wife recovered from her swoon the husband announced to the audience that something had interfered with his wife's aim, but fortunately she had fired too high; he was unburt. Some of the audience were contemptible enough to call "Try again," but the little woman was unnerved, and she and her husband left the stage.

They had scarcely gone when the man by the window got up and went out. I did the same and shadowed him to a saloon which he entered and got something to steady his nerves. I went in myself since I didn't want to lose him.

If ever the devil was in one he was in me then. The man saw me looking at him and, having taken his drink, went out and walked down the street. He looked back and saw me following him. Then he went on till the street became a road with a wood on either side.

I hadn't got used to going without my weapon yet. I had tried to and found it like going without a bunch of keys or a knife in one's pocket that had always been there. I had it with me now. When the man got away from houses he turned and said to me sharply:

"Why are you following me?"

"I want to shoot a chip off your head."

"A lunatic!"

"Maybe. Pick up that chip beside you and put it on your head."

I saw him feeling for a weapon, but before he could get it out I had him covered and ordered him to throw up his hands, which he did. Then when I had convinced him that he was in my power I made him pick up the chip and put it on his head. He did so, and I knocked it off with a bullet. I made him put it back on his head again, but this time instead of knocking it off I cut off a part of his ear.

He was in an abject terror. I asked him how he would like to put a ray of sunlight in my eye to see whether it would injure my aim. He turned white as a sheet. I kept on shooting, putting every bullet within an inch or two of him, till I had fired five shots. Then I slipped cartridges in the empty chambers. I hit him several times in fleshy parts of his body, then told him to go, and if he ever interfered with the couple again I would kill him. He was glad to get away with his life.

That evening I called on the young couple, told them that I had seen a man throw the sunlight in the wife's eyes and described him. They knew at once who he was and told me all about the matter between them, but it is too long a story to tell here. I told the young man to let the fellow alone. He wouldn't likely trouble him again.

"But if he does," I added, "just you send for me."

Kentucky Elects James Senator.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 10.—On the balloting for successor to United States Senator Thomas Paynter, whose term expires in March, 1913, Ollie M. James received 105 votes in the Kentucky legislature yesterday. His Republican opponent, Edward P. Morrow, received 28 votes. Joint hallors in the House and Senate confirming the election of James were to be taken yesterday.



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What's your idea about a new overcoat? Long or short? Full back or body tracing? Button through? Rain proof? Storm protector? Maybe you want all these things.

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The new English box is good; so are the others. \$15 and up.

Suits \$18 and up.

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Victim of Assault.
Boston, Jan. 10.—An unknown woman who was found unconscious in a south end doorway about midnight is believed to be dying at the City hospital as a result of an assault by four men. The woman is about 35 years old. One man has been arrested in connection with the case.

Mgr. Byrne Dead.
Boston, Jan. 10.—The death of Right Rev. Mgr. William Byrne, coadjutor bishop of Boston under the late Archbishop Williams, as pastor of St. Cecilia's church in the Back Bay, occurred yesterday after an illness of eight weeks with the grippe.

There is Only One "Bromo Quinine"

That is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. E. W. Grover

Tooth Brushes

We Can Recommend

There is so much satisfaction and benefit in using a first-class tooth brush that we can urge the purchase of the fine imported ones we carry. They cost but 25c and each is guaranteed perfect. If any defect as manufacture appears within a reasonable time we give a new brush free.

Plenty of cheaper ones if preferred, from 10c up. All the good tooth powders, pastes and liquid dentifrices are carried.

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